

Search for R-parity violating Supersymmetry at DØ

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R-parity

- discrete quantum number:

$$R = (-1)^{3B+L+2S}, \quad B - \text{baryon nb}, \quad L - \text{lepton nb}, \quad S - \text{spin}$$

↳ R = +1 for SM particle

↳ R = -1 for SUSY particle

- R-parity violation terms compatible with all superpotential symmetries:

$$W_{R\mathbf{p}} = \prod_{ijk} L_i L_j E^c_k + \prod_{ijk} L_i Q_j D^c_k + \prod'_{ijk} U_i^c D_j^c D_k^c$$

↳ 45 new Yukawa couplings

- R-parity conservation is to suppress $\square L \neq 0$ and $\square B \neq 0$ processes
- but R-parity violation cannot be excluded



R-parity Violation

- experimental consequences of \cancel{R}_p :
 - B and/or L violation
 - LSP can decay with or without displaced vertices
 - sparticles can be produced resonantly
- usual search hypothesis:
 - mSUGRA with \tilde{l}_1^0 as LSP and \cancel{R}_p
 - only one \cancel{R}_p coupling dominates
 - if \cancel{R}_p coupling large enough, resonant production
 - otherwise pair production

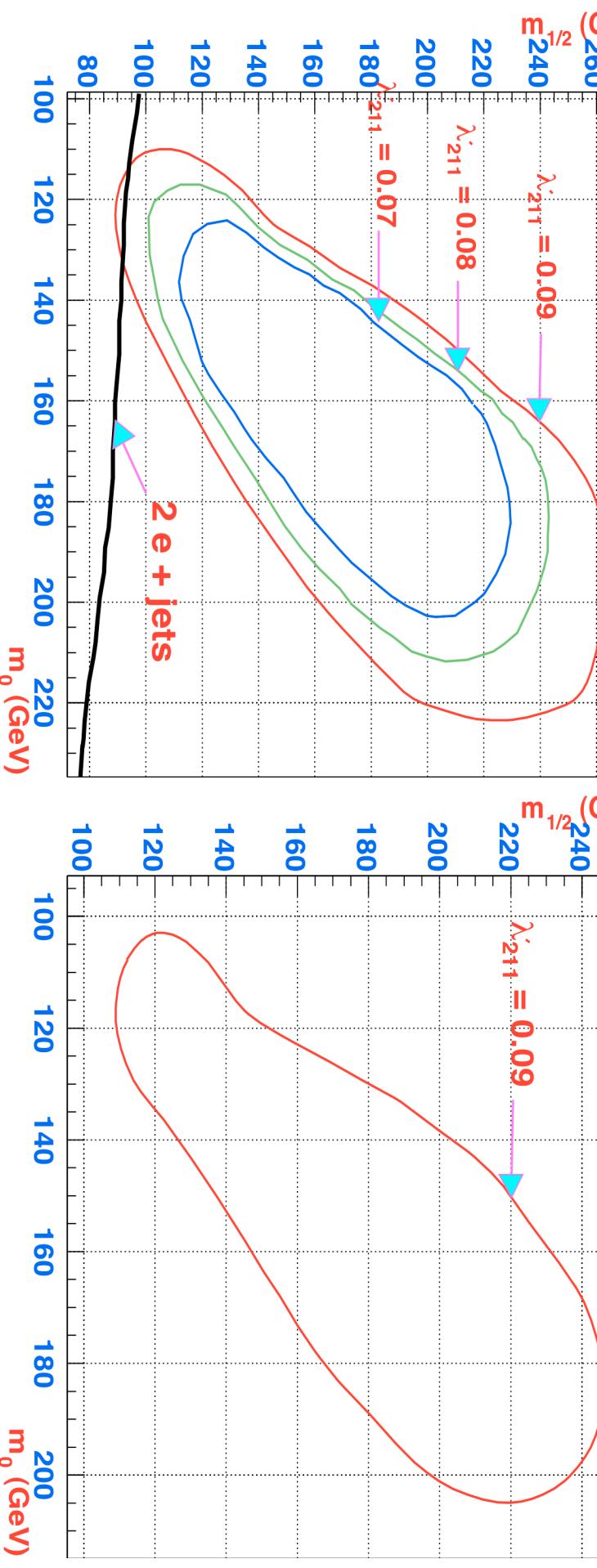


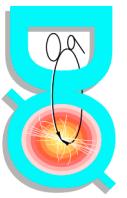
resonant production: di- \square channel in Run 1

DØ Preliminary

- dominant coupling: γ/γ_{211}
- resonant \square or $\gamma \square$ production
- channel: ≥ 2 muons and ≥ 2 jets
- background: Drell-Yan, $t\bar{t}$, $Z + 2$ jets, $WW +$ jets

$$A_0 = 0, \square < 0, \tan \square = 2$$





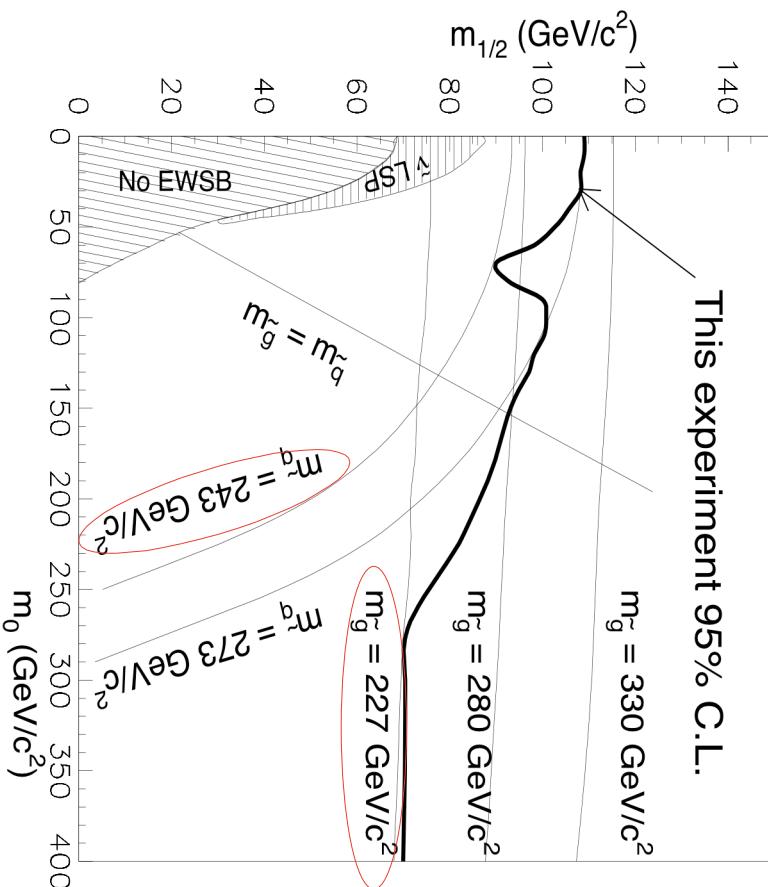
pair production: di-e channel in Run 1

Phys. Rev. Lett.
 {83}, 4476 (1999)

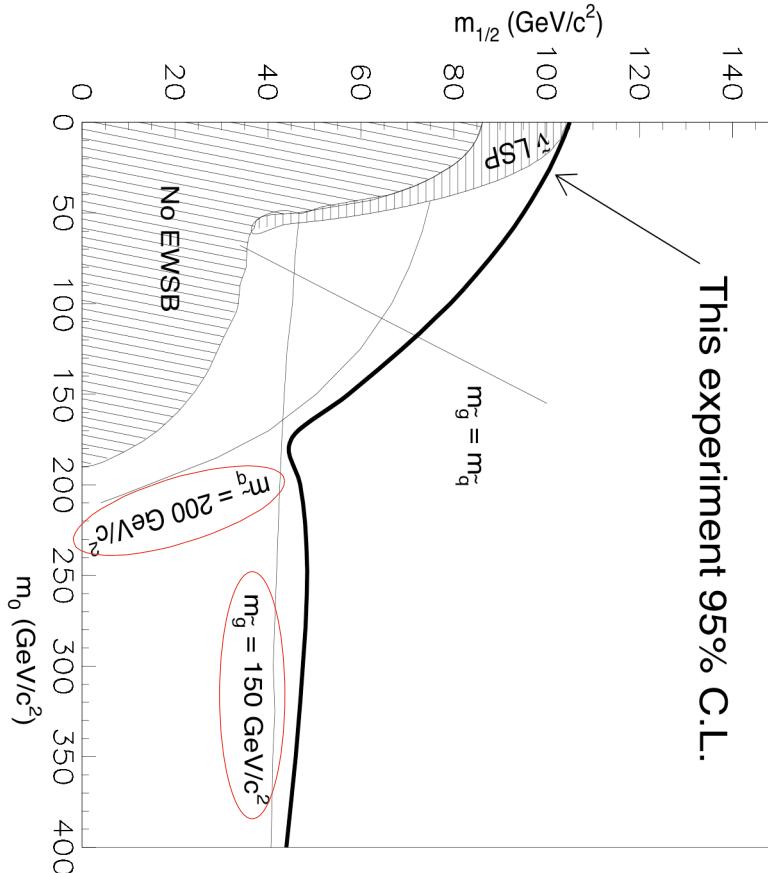
- all pair production processes considered
- one dominant coupling: $\tilde{\ell}_{1jk}$ ($j=1,2$; $k=1,2,3$)
 - ↳ LSP decays to 1 electron and 2 jets
 - channel: ≥ 2 electrons and ≥ 4 jets
 - background: Drell-Yan, $t\bar{t}$, $Z \rightarrow \square \rightarrow ee$, misidentification of jets as electrons

$$A_0 = 0, \square < 0, \tan \square = 2$$

This experiment 95% C.L.



This experiment 95% C.L.





pair production: di- \square channel in Run 1

hep-ex/0111053

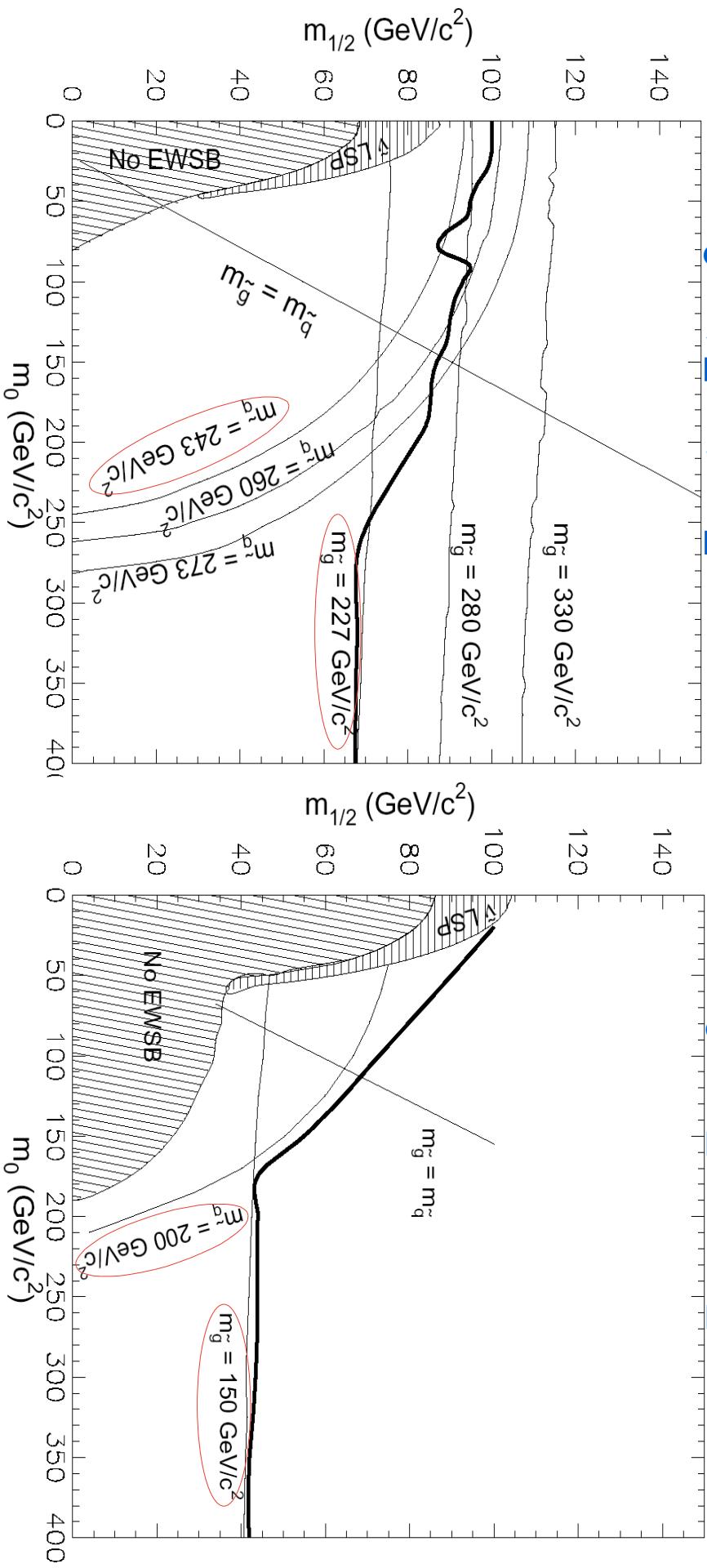
- all pair production processes considered
- dominant coupling: same analysis as previous with a dominant $\tilde{\chi}_{2jk}$

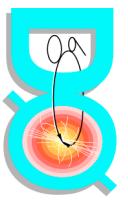
- channel: ≥ 2 muons and ≥ 4 jets

• background: (Drell-Yan, $t\bar{t}$, $Z \rightarrow \square\square$, $Z \rightarrow \square\square \rightarrow \square\square$, $WW \rightarrow \square\square$) + jets

$A_0 = 0$, $\square < 0$, $\tan \square = 2$

$A_0 = 0$, $\square < 0$, $\tan \square = 6$





pair production: dilepton channel in Run 2a

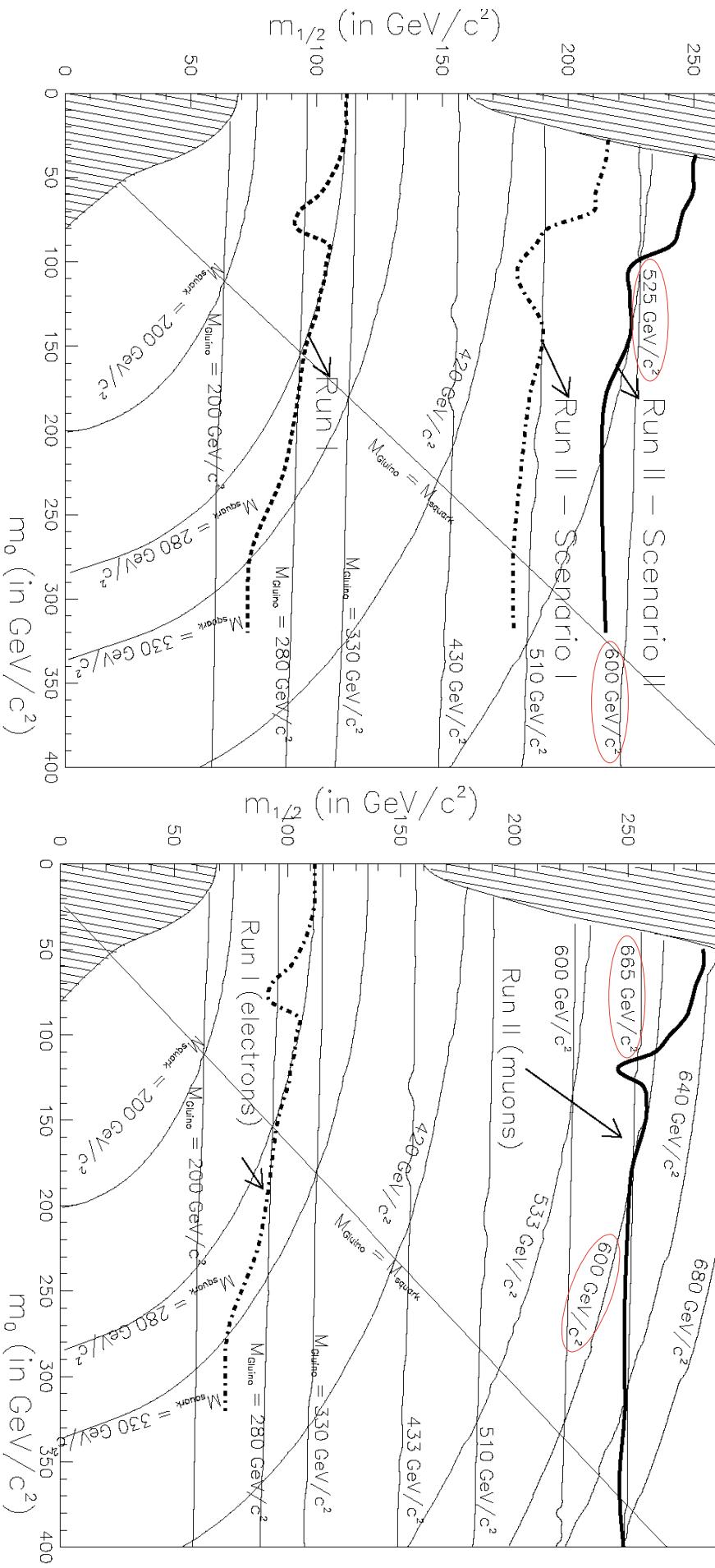
hep-ph/9906224

$\Leftrightarrow \mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} = 2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

di-e channel

$A_0 = 0, \Box < 0, \tan \Box = 2$

di- \Box channel



\Leftrightarrow **Scenario I: improvement due to \mathcal{L}_{int}**

\Leftrightarrow **Scenario II: improvement due to $\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} + \text{detector upgrade}$**

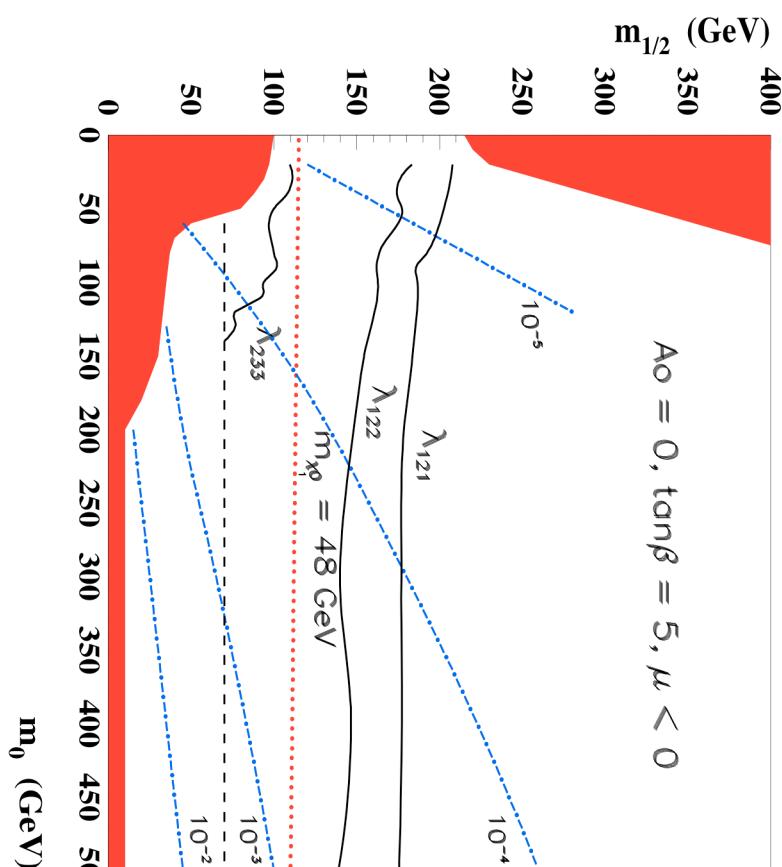


pair production: trilepton channel in Run 1

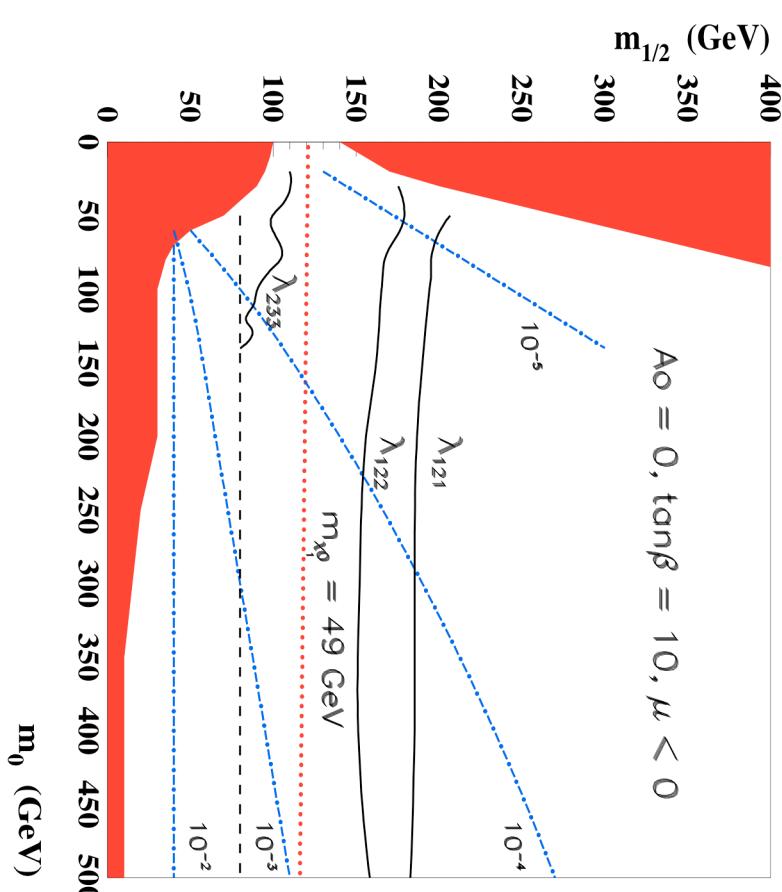
Phys. Rev. D Rapid. Comm.
 {62}, 071701 (2000)

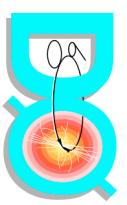
- all pair production processes considered
- dominant coupling: one of the three ($\tilde{\chi}_{121}$, $\tilde{\chi}_{122}$, $\tilde{\chi}_{233}$)
 ↳ LSP decays to 2 leptons and 1 neutrino
- channel: eee, ee $\mu\mu$, e $\mu\mu\mu$, $\mu\mu\mu\mu$
- background: Drell-Yan, ZZ, misidentification of jets as electrons

$$A_0 = 0, \Box < 0, \tan \Box = 2$$



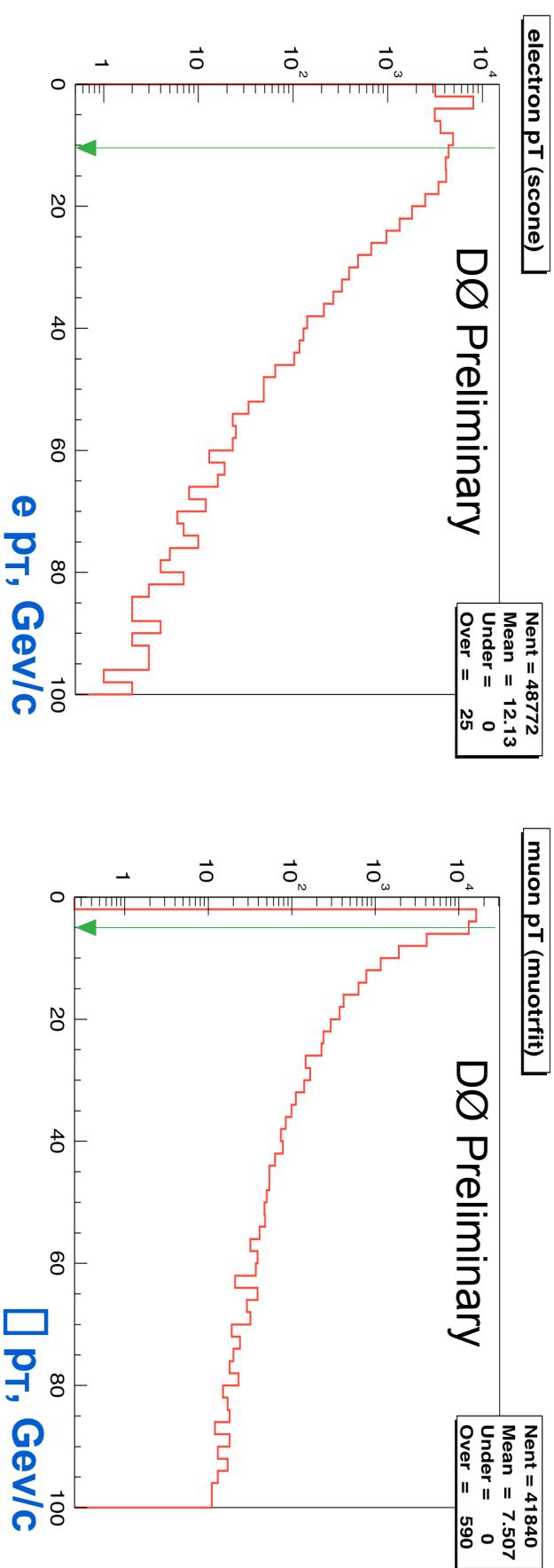
$$A_0 = 0, \Box < 0, \tan \Box = 10$$





pair production: trilepton channel in Run 2

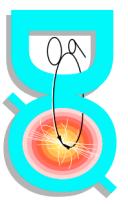
- search's started: $\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} \sim 10 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ ($\sim 10\%$ of Run 1)



- Lepton cuts:
 - em-particle $p_T > 10 \text{ GeV}/c$
 - muon $p_T > 5 \text{ GeV}/c$
- Number of events after selection:

evt type	e + e + e	e + e + \square	e + \square + \square	\square + \square + \square
num. of evts	5	4	2	1

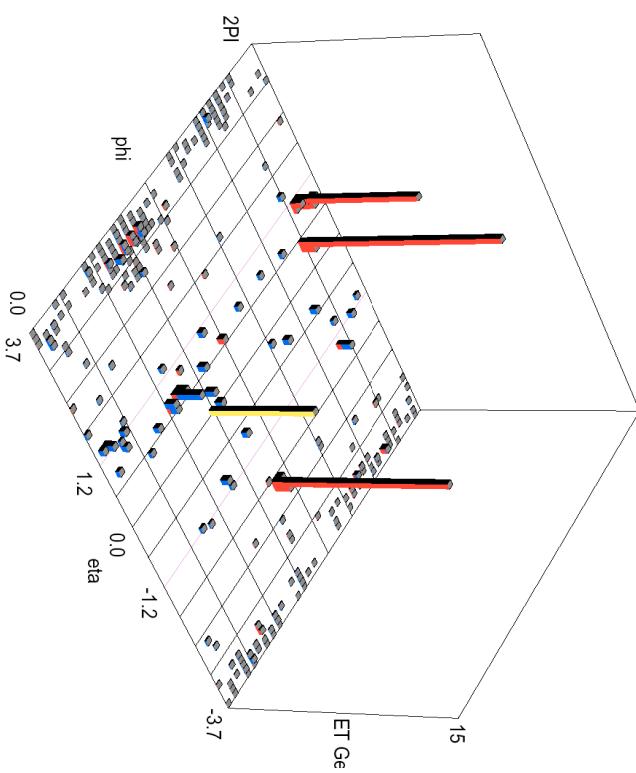
- Background study is in progress



pair production: trilepton channel in Run 2

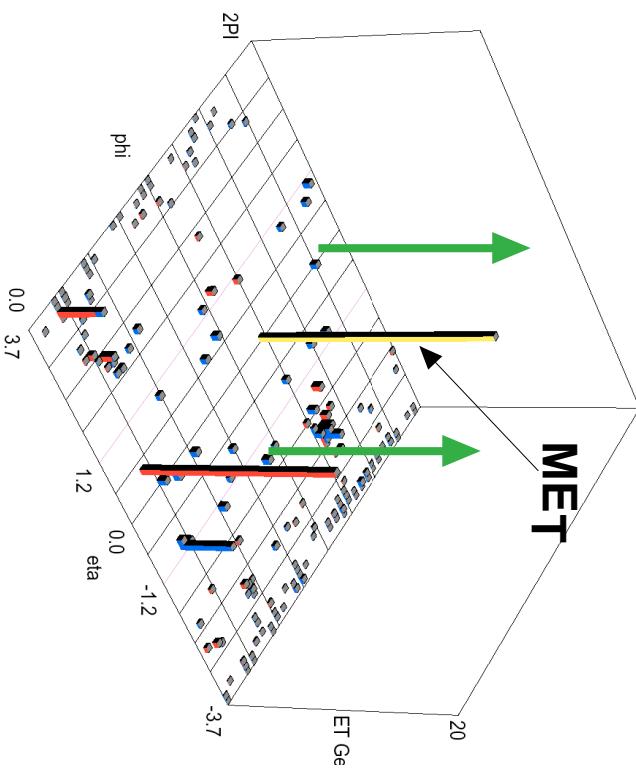
- example of candidates:

$e\bar{e}e$ candidate event



DØ Preliminary

$e\bar{e}\mu$ candidate event



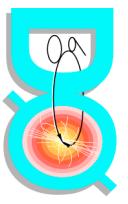
e_1	e_2	e_3
$p_T(\text{cal}) = 17.9$	$p_T(\text{cal}) = 13.9$	$p_T(\text{cal}) = 13.2$
$\square = 0.43$	$\square = -1.94$	$\square = 1.06$
$\square = 5.42$	$\square = 2.8$	$\square = 5.72$
charge = +1	charge = +1	charge = +1
$m_{e1e2} = 55.7$	$m_{e1e3} = 10.8$	$m_{e2e3} = 63.5$
$m_{e1e2e3} = 85.2 \text{ GeV}/c^2$		$MET = 10.9 \text{ GeV}$

e	\square_1	\square_2
$p_T(\text{cal}) = 19.2$	$p_T = 28.2$	$p_T = 9.82$
$\square = 0.40$	$\square = -0.10$	$\square = -1.48$
$\square = 0.63$	$\square = 6.20$	$\square = 2.88$
no track match	charge = -1	charge = +1
	$m_{e1e2} = 55.7$	
		$MET = 31.8 \text{ GeV}$



Conclusion

- D \emptyset searches for R-parity violation in Run 1:
 - ↳ large number of R_p couplings explored
 - ➡ No sign of R_p SUSY found
- Run 2 will provide a wide range of improvements:
 - ↳ $\sim 20 \times$ more luminosity (2004)
 - ↳ 10% more energy
 - ↳ improved detector
 - ↳ improved identification capabilities for e, μ , τ (very important for high $\tan\beta$ searches)
 - ➡ large increase on R_p coupling and mass sensitivity
 - ➡ great discovery potential for Tevatron



Diagrams

